Ubiquitin

Modifying Protein

Alternate Names: Ribosomal Protein S27a, CEP80, UBA80, UBCEP1, UBCEP80, HUBCEP80, RPS27A

Cat. No. 60-0001-010 Lot. No. 30181 Quantity: 10 mg Storage: 4°C

NOT FOR USE IN HUMANS

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY

Ubiquitin is a highly conserved protein

that plays a key role in the ubiquitylation

pathway. Ubiquitin is found only in eukary-

otic organisms throughout which it shows strong sequence conservation (Wilkinson,

1995). The ubiquitin protein is present

in all cell types and found either in free

form or conjugated to proteins through a

covalent bond between its C-terminal gly-

cine and the ε -amino group of lysine residues; a process known as ubiquitination

or ubiquitylation. Ubiquitylation is an essential cellular process affected by a multi-

enzyme cascade involving three classes of enzyme known as activating enzymes

(E1s), conjugating enzymes (E2s) and pro-

tein ligases (E3s). E1 activates ubiquitin in

an ATP-dependent manner resulting in the formation of a thioester linkage between the carboxy terminus of ubiquitin and the E1 enzyme. Sequential, transient thioester

bonds are then generated between the carboxy terminus of ubiquitin and specific

cysteines of the E2 and - in some instanc-

es - of the E3 enzymes (Bonifacino and

Weissman, 1998). Ultimately, an isopep-

tide bond is formed between the glycine

carboxy terminus of ubiquitin and an ϵ -

amino group of a lysine residue on a target

protein (mono-ubiquitylation) or on an-

other ubiquitin resulting in the generation

of chains of ubiquitin (poly-ubiquitylation)

which may be Lys-6, Lys-11, Lys-27, Lys-29, Lys-33, Lys-48 or Lys-63 linked (Ko-

mander, 2009). Ubiquitin chains may also

be linear in nature, formed via the conjugation of the activated glycine residue

of one ubiquitin moiety to the α -amino group at the N-terminus of another ubiq-

uitin. Specific ubiquitin chain types adopt distinct conformations which are likely to be important in respect of their functions.

Although some functionalities have been determined for certain chain types, the

Background

Physical Characteristics

Species: bovine

Source: erythrocytes

Quantity: 10 mg

Formulation: powder (lyophilized from protein dissolved in H₂O); rehydrate as required

Molecular Weight: ~8.6 kDa

Purity: >95% by InstantBlue[™] SDS-PAGE

Stability/Storage: 1 year lyophilized at 4°C; 6 months rehydrated at -20°C; aliquot as required

Quality Assurance

Purity:

4-12% gradient SDS-PAGE InstantBlue™ staining Iane 1: MW markers Iane 2: 1 μg Ubiquitin



MQIFVKTLTGKTITLEVEPSDTIENVKAKIQD KEGIPPDQQRLIFAGKQLEDGRTLSDY NIQKESTLHLVLRLRGG

Ubiquitin (regular text): Start **bold italics** (amino acid residues 1-76) Accession number: P62990.1

E1-Ubiquitin Thioester Loading Assay:

The activity of ubiquitin was validated by loading ubiquitin onto the active cysteine of His-UBE1. Incubation of the His-UBE1 enzyme in the presence of ubiquitin and ATP at 30° C was compared at two time points, T_0 and T_{10} minutes. Sensitivity of the ubiquitin/His-UBE1 thioester bond to the reducing agent DTT was confirmed.





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Protein Sequence:

Ubiquitin

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CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS - Page 2 of 2

Background

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roles of many of these structures remain to be fully elucidated (Komander, 2009). In respect of Lys-48 and Lys-63 chain types, some key roles have been determined: Lys-48 linked chains direct substrates towards 26S proteasome mediated degradation (Verma et al., 2004), whereas roles for Lys-63 linked chains include activation of the NF-κB pathway and mediation of steps of the DNA repair pathway (DiFiglia et al., 1997; Rahighi et al., 2009; Tokunaga et al., 2009). Interestingly, proteins constituting many types of pathological inclusion bodies may be poly-ubiquitylated, however these may be resistant to degradation. For example poly-ubiquitylated huntingtin accumulates at neuronal intranuclear inclusions (NIIs) and dystrophic neurites in the striatum and cortex of patients affected by Huntington's disease (DiFiglia et al., 1997).

References:

Bonifacino JS, Weissman AM (1998) Ubiquitin and the control of protein fate in the secretory and endocytic pathways. *Annu Rev Cell Dev Biol* **14**, 19-57.

DiFiglia M, Sapp E, Chase KO, Davies SW, Bates GP, Vonsattel JP, Aronin N (1997) Aggregation of huntingtin in neuronal intranuclear inclusions and dystrophic neurites in brain. *Science* **277**, 1990-3.

Komander D (2009) The emerging complexity of protein ubiquitination. *Biochem Soc Trans* **37**, 937-53.

Rahighi S, Ikeda F, et al. (2009) Specific recognition of linear ubiquitin chains by NEMO is important for NF-kappaB activation. *Cell* **136**, 1098-109.

Tokunaga F, Sakata S, et al. (2009) Involvement of linear polyubiquitylation of NEMO in NF-kappaB activation. *Nat Cell Biol* **11**, 123-32.

Verma R, Oania R, Graumann J, Deshaies RJ (2004) Multiubiquitin chain receptors define a layer of substrate selectivity in the ubiquitin-proteasome system. *Cell* **118**, 99-110.

Wilkinson KD (1995) Roles of ubiquitinylation in proteolysis and cellular regulation. *Annu Rev Nutr* **15**, 161-89.



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